

NEW JERSEY STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
NEW JERSEY ADMINISTRATIVE CODE
TITLE 7
CHAPTER 27
SUBCHAPTER 19.2(d)

Control and Prohibition of Air Pollution from Oxides of Nitrogen

7:27-19.2 Purpose, scope and applicability

- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of (b) and (c) above, compliance with the recordkeeping requirements applicable to emergency generators set forth at N.J.A.C. 7:27-19.11 shall satisfy all requirements in this subchapter for any equipment that is solely used as an emergency generator, as defined at N.J.A.C. 7:27-19.1. Emergency generators shall not be used:
1. Except as specified at paragraph 2 of the definition of emergency generator at N.J.A.C. 7:27-19.1, and during the performance of normal testing and maintenance procedures, as recommended in writing by the manufacturer and/or as required by a Federal or State statute or regulation;
 2. For normal testing and maintenance under 1 above, except as set forth in this paragraph, on days when the Department forecasts air quality anywhere in New Jersey to be "unhealthy for sensitive groups," "unhealthy," or "very unhealthy" as defined in the EPA's Air Quality Index, at <http://airnow.gov>, incorporated herein by reference, as amended and supplemented, unless required in writing by a Federal or State law or regulation. Procedures for determining the air quality forecasts for New Jersey are available at the Department's air quality permitting web site at <http://www.state.nj.us/dep/aqpp/aqforecast>. However, public water systems, wastewater and stormwater systems, and sludge management facilities may perform normal testing and maintenance on their emergency generators, regardless of air quality, during the 48 hours prior to a National Weather Service-designated named storm impacting the facility's area of the State. These entities must notify the Department by calling the hotline at 1-877-WARN-DEP (1-877-927-6337) before conducting such normal testing and maintenance if the air quality forecast at <http://www.njaqinow.net/> is unhealthy or worse; and
 3. As a source of energy or power after the primary energy or power source has become operable again. If the primary energy or power source is under the control of the owner or operator of the emergency generator, the owner or operator shall make a reasonable, timely effort to repair the primary energy or power source.